# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Flux NC 217

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flux NC 217
Reference number	: GHS043
Other means of identification	: NC 217 Gel Flux
Product type	: Solid. [Paste]

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details	: AIM 9100 Henri Bourassa East Montreal, QC H1E 2S4 (514) 494-2000 In the United States: AIM 25 Kenney Drive Cranston, RI 02920 (800) CALL-AIM
	In México AIM Soldadura de México Circuito Interior Norte # 460 Parque Industrial Salvarcar Ciudad Juárez, Chih. (656) 630-0032
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: INFOTRAC North America: (800) 535-5053 International: (352) 323-3500

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

: Danger

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Precautionary statements	
	Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.
Hazard statements	: Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: NC 217 Gel Flux
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Hydrogenated Rosin	≥50 - ≤75	65997-06-0
2-butoxyethanol	≥10 - ≤25	111-76-2
Isopropyl Alcohol	≤10	67-63-0
Amine Decanoic Acid Salt	≤5	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

# Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. I

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media						
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an ex	tinguishing agent suitable	for the surrounding fi	re.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None know	wn.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.					
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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	history of this produ with adeo Keep in th material,	propriate personal protecti skin sensitization problem lot is used. Do not get in e uate ventilation. Wear ap ne original container or an kept tightly closed when no pe hazardous. Do not reus	s should not be employed yes or on skin or clothing propriate respirator when approved alternative mac ot in use. Empty contained	d in any process in v g. Do not ingest. Us ventilation is inadec de from a compatible	which se only quate. อ
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled, drinking a	inking and smoking should stored and processed. Wo ind smoking. Remove con eating areas. See also Seo S.	orkers should wash hand taminated clothing and p	s and face before ea protective equipment	ating,
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	direct sur (see Sec and seale resealed Use appr	ccordance with local regul light in a dry, cool and wel ion 10) and food and drink ed until ready for use. Com and kept upright to preven opriate containment to avo ible materials before handl	I-ventilated area, away fro . Store locked up. Keep tainers that have been op t leakage. Do not store ir id environmental contam	om incompatible ma container tightly clo bened must be caref n unlabeled containe	iterials osed fully ers.
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Hydrogenated Rosin 2-butoxyethanol	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Absorbed through skin.	
Amine Decanoic Acid Salt	None.	

other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance Physical state** : Solid. [Paste] Color : Not available. Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. 5 pН : Not available. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available. : Not available. **Flash point** : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available. **Relative density** : Not available. : Not available. **Solubility** : Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not available. octanol/water **Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available. : Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Conditions to avoid	: No specif	fic data.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under no	rmal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous	reactions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The prod	uct is stable.			
Reactivity	: No specif	ic test data related to react	ivity available for this	product or its ingredients	6.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

 Hazardous decomposition
 : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	52 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit	300 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	LD50 OralGuinea pigLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralMouseLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRabbit	LD50 OralGuinea pig5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat52 mg/kgLD50 OralRat8400 mg/kgLD50 OralRat450 ppmLD50 DermalRabbit220 mg/kgLD50 OralMouse1230 mg/kgLD50 OralRat300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat250 mg/kgLD50 OralRat300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat250 mg/kgLD50 OralRat250 mg/kgLD50 OralRat250 mg/kgLD50 OralRat470 mg/kgLD50 OralRat470 mg/kgLD50 DermalRabbit12800 mg/kg

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Isopropyl Alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	-			mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Hydrogenated Rosin	None.	4	-
2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Isopropyl Alcohol	-	3	-
Amine Decanoic Acid Salt	None.	4	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrogenated Rosin			Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Isopropyl Alcohol			Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (re</u>	epeated exposure)			
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: 1	Not available.			
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	: (	Causes serious eye irritatior	1.		
Inhalation	: 1	Foxic if inhaled. May cause	respiratory irritation	n.	
Skin contact	: 1	Foxic in contact with skin. C	auses skin irritatio	n. May cause an al	lergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: +	Harmful if swallowed.			
Symptoms related to the phy	/sica	I, chemical and toxicologi	cal characteristic	S	
Eye contact	<i>۲</i> : ۲ ۷	Adverse symptoms may incl pain or irritation vatering redness		_	
Inhalation	r	Adverse symptoms may incl espiratory tract irritation coughing	ude the following:		
Skin contact	i	Adverse symptoms may incl rritation redness	ude the following:		
Ingestion	: 1	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	cts ar	nd also chronic effects fro	om short and long	term exposure	
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: 1	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: 1	Not available.			
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: ١	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: 1	Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff Not available.					
General		Once sensitized, a severe a very low levels.	llergic reaction may	occur when subse	quently exposed to
Carcinogenicity		No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity		No known significant effects			
Teratogenicity		No known significant effects			
Developmental effects		No known significant effects			
Fertility effects		No known significant effects			
-		0			

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates			
Route	ATE value		
Oral Dermal	1026.69 mg/kg 916.67 mg/kg		
Inhalation (gases)	1875 ppm		

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
i foddetingredient flame	Result	opecies	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Isopropyl Alcohol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrogenated Rosin	3.42	-	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.05	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user** : The flux is not hazardous for Transportation in solid physical form (pasty) where no spilage risk is present, always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed		
State regulations			
Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: 2-butoxyethanol; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL;</li> <li>2-PROPANOL</li> </ul>		
New York	: None of the components are listed.		
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: 2-butoxyethanol; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL</li> </ul>		
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: 2-butoxyethanol; 2-PROPANOL		
<u>California Prop. 65</u>			
This product does not requir	e a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.		
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

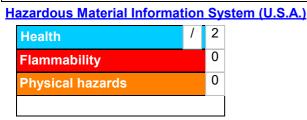
Not listed.

#### **International lists**

National	l inventory

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

### Section 16. Other information

	Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 9/11/2020	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/11/2020	
Date of previous issue	: 9/11/2020	
Version	: 0.15	
Key to abbreviations	Dreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
References	Not available	

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.